CDC's National Environmental Assessment Reporting System (NEARS)

2018 Summary Report Rhode Island

In 2018, Rhode Island reported 9 foodborne illness outbreaks to NEARS. This summary provides information on characteristics of those outbreaks and the establishments where the outbreaks occurred.

Outbreak Characteristics

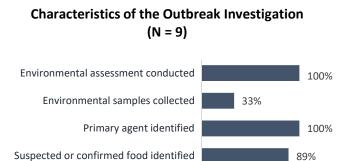
Foodborne Illness Outbreaks (N = 9)+ 67% 33% Confirmed Suspected agent agent

Outbreak Response

Average number of days between the date the outbreak establishment was identified for an environmental assessment and the date of:

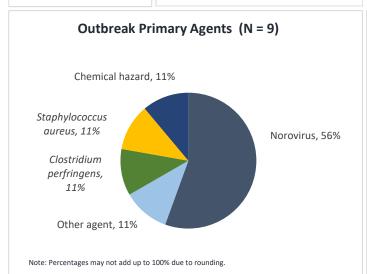
- 1st contact with establishment = 0 days (min = 0, median = 0, max = 0)
- Establishment observation = 0 days (min = 0, median = 0, max = 3)
- Manager interview = 5 days (min = 0, median = 5, max = 14)

Average number of visits to the outbreak establishment needed to complete an environmental assessment = 2 visits (min = 1, median = 2, max = 3).



Contributing factor identified

Outbreak reported to NORS

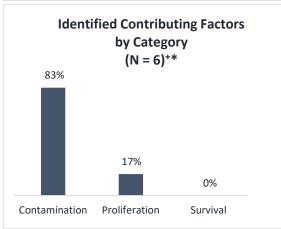


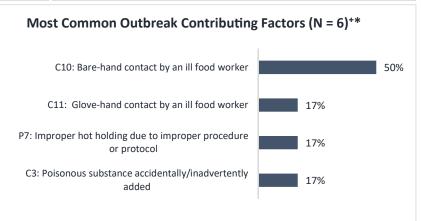
Most Common Confirmed/Suspected Food Vehicles (N = 8)** Multi-ingredient Vine vegetables 13% Fruits/Nuts 13% Leafy greens 13% Suspected food vehicles Beef 13% Confirmed food vehicles

100%

Note: Summary reports prior to 2017 categorized the food as confirmed or suspected based on the categorization of the outbreak agent. This report uses the categorization of the food.

Other





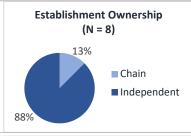
- + Denotes data that can be used toward meeting Standard 5 in FDA's Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards.
- * Each outbreak may have more than 1 identified contributing factor and food vehicle, so percentages may equal more than 100%.

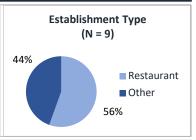
Outbreak Establishment Characteristics

Establishment Description

88% (7) of the establishments were independently owned; the remaining 13% (1) were chains.

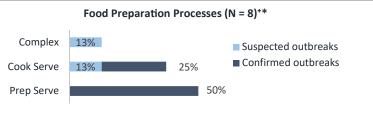
56% (5) of the establishments were restaurants; the remaining 44% (4) were other establishment types such as correctional facilities and grocery stores.





Food Preparation Processes

In outbreaks in which there was a suspected or confirmed food vehicle, the food preparation processes used for those food vehicles were best described as Complex (13%, 1), Cook Serve (38%, 3), and Prep Serve (50%, 4).



- + Denotes data that can be used toward meeting Standard 5 in FDA's Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards
- * Each outbreak may have more than 1 identified food vehicle and food preparation process, so percentages may equal more than 100%

Hand Hygiene Characteristics

Glove Use

100% (8) of the establishments had a policy concerning the use of disposable gloves.

33% (3) of the establishments had food workers observed handling ready-to-eat foods with bare hands.

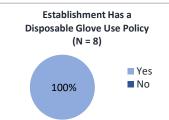
Hand Sinks for Workers

78% (7) of the establishments had hand sinks in the employee restrooms.

• In 100% (7) of these establishments, all employee restroom hand sinks were appropriately equipped (warm water, hand soap, and paper or cloth towels).

78% (7) of the establishments had hand sinks in the employee work areas.

• In 86% (6) of these establishments, all employee work area hand sinks were appropriately equipped (warm water, hand soap, and paper or cloth towels).









Ill Worker Policies

63% (5) of the establishments had a policy to restrict or exclude ill workers.

13% (1) of the establishments had paid sick leave for their workers.







Kitchen Manager Certification

88% (7) of the establishments required kitchen managers to be food safety certified.

100% (8) of the establishments had kitchen managers that were food safety certified.





