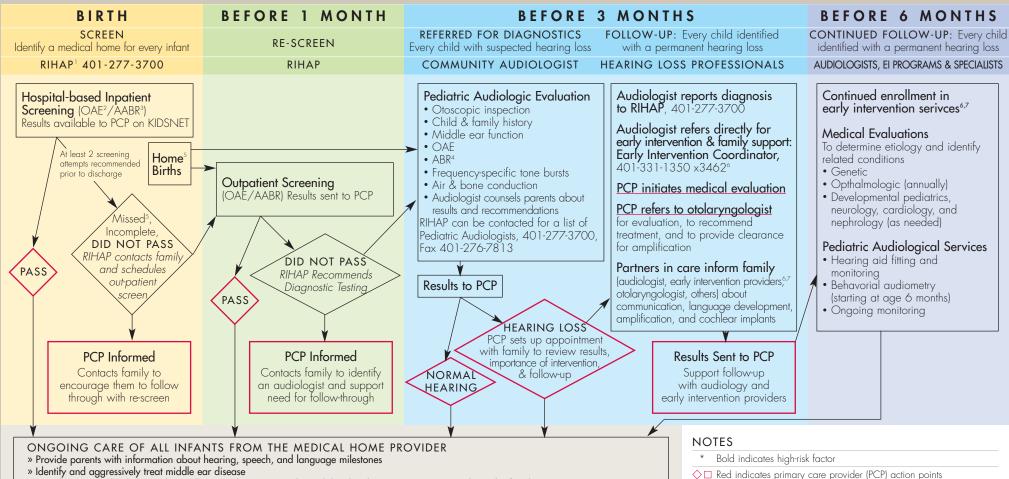
# Universal Newborn Hearing Screening, Diagnosis, and Intervention GUIDELINES FOR RHODE ISLAND PEDIATRIC MEDICAL HOME PROVIDERS



- » Provide ongoing developmental surveillance and screening with a validated tool at 9, 18, & 24-30 months and referral to appropriate resources
- » Provide vision screening and referral as needed
- » Identify and refer for audiologic monitoring infants who have the following risk indicators\* for late-onset hearing loss:
- » Caregiver concern regarding hearing, speech, language and/or developmental delay
- » Family history of permanent childhood hearing loss
- » Neonatal indicators: NICU stay for >5 days, ECMO, assisted ventilation, exposure to ototoxic medications (gentimcin & tobramycin) or loop diuretics (furosemide/Lasix) and hyperbilirubinemia that requires exchange transfusion
- » In utero infections: CMV, herpes, rubella, syphilis, and toxoplasmosis
- » Craniofacial anomalies, including those that involve the pinna, ear canal, ear tags, ear pits, and temporal bone anomalies
- » Physical findings, such as white forelock, that are associated with a syndrome known to include a sensorineural or permanent conductive hearing loss
- » Syndromes associated with hearing loss or progressive or late-onset loss such as neurofibromatosis, osteopetrosis, and Usher syndrome; other frequently identified syndromes include Waardenburg, Alpot, Pendred, and Vervell and Lange-Nielson
- » Neurodegenerative disorders: Hunter syndrome, sensory motor neuropathies, Friedreich ataxia and Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease
- » Culture-positive postnatal infections associated with sensorineural hearing loss including confirmed bacterial and viral meningitis and especially herpes viruses and varcella
- » Head trauma especially basal skull/temporal bone fracture that requires hospitalization
- » Chemotherapy

- RIHAP=Rhode Island Hearing Assessment Program
- 2 OAE=Otogcoustic Emissions
- 3 AABR=Automated Auditory Brainstem Response
- 4 ABR=Auditory Brainstem Response
- 5 Home births, or infants at high risk for HL (ie, NICU), may be referred directly to a pediatric audiologist
- 6 Early Intervention Hearing Coordinator

401-331-1350 x3462

fax 401-277-3388

For a current List of Early Intervention Providers go to www.dhs.state.ri.us/dhs/famchild/early\_intervention.htm and click on resources for a list of providers.

7 Family Guidance Program

401-222-3525

at the RI School for the Deaf

## Universal Newborn Hearing Screening, Diagnosis, and Intervention

### CHECKLIST FOR RI PEDIATRIC MEDICAL HOME PROVIDERS

• • •		. •					
					DATE C	F CARE	ONGOING CARE OF ALL
BIRTH	HOSPITAL-BASED INPATIENT SCREENING RESULTS (OAE/AABR)				/	/	☐ Provide parents with infor
	Left Ear	☐ Missed	☐ Did Not Pass	☐ Pass			hearing, speech, and lan
	Right Ear	☐ Missed	☐ Did Not Pass	☐ Pass			☐ Identify and aggressively
		<b>V</b>	▼				☐ Vision screening and refe
BEFORE 1 MONTH	OUTPATIENT SCREENING RESULTS				/	/	☐ Ongoing developmental :
	Left Ear	☐ Missed	☐ Did Not Pass	☐ Pass			☐ Referrals to otolaryngolog
ZE 1	Right Ear	☐ Missed	☐ Did Not Pass	□ Pass			☐ Risk indicators for late on:
BEFG			<b>V</b>				
BEFORE 3 MONTHS	PEDIATRIC AUDIOLOGIC EVALUATION				/	/	
	□ Conductive Hearing Loss □ Permanant Hearing Loss □ Normal Hearing						SERVICE PROVIDER CON
	<b>▼</b>						Pediatric Audiologist
	☐ Audiologist reports diagnosis to RIHAP				/	/	Address:
	☐ Audiologist refers to Early Intervention Hearing Coordinator				/	/	Phone:
	☐ Audiologist refers to Family Guidance Program				/	/	Email:
	☐ Primary Care Provider initiates medical evaluation				/	/	Early Intervention Program
	Referral for Otologic Evaluation to recommend treatment and provide				/	/	Address:
	clearance for hearing aid fitting						Phone:
	☐ Pediatric audiologic hearing aid fitting and monitoring				/	/	Email:
	☐ Partners in care inform family about communication, amplification				/	/	Otyher early intervention pro
	and cochlear implants						Address:
	<b>V</b>						Phone:
BEFORE 6 MONTHS	CONTINUED ENROLLMENT IN EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY GUIDANCE PROGRAM				/	/	Email:
	Medical evaluations to determine etiology and identify related conditions						Otolaryngologist
	□ Ophthalmologic (annually)				/	/	Address:
	☐ Genetic				/	/	Phone:
	□ Developmental pediatrics, neurology, cardiology, and nephrology				/	/	Email:
	Pediatric audiologic services						Opthalmologist
	☐ Hearing aid fitting				/	/	Other
	□ Behavioral audiometry				/	/	The recommendations in this document do not indicate an evaluations, taking into account individual circumstances, ma
	□ Ongoing monitoring starting at age 6 months						Academy of Pediatrics. Supported in part by project 1 H6 (Title V, Social Security Act), Health Resources and Services
							American Academy of Pediatrics

#### PATIENT:

### DATE OF BIRTH:

ONGOING CARE OF ALL INFANTS								
☐ Provide parents with information about								
hearing, speech, and language milestones								
Identify and aggressively treat middle ear disease								
Vision screening and referral as needed								
Ongoing developmental surveillance/referral								
Referrals to otolaryngology and genetics as needed								
Risk indicators for late onset hearing loss:								
☐ (Refer for audiologic monitoring)								
SERVICE PROVIDER CONTACT INFORMATION								
Pediatric Audiologist								
Address:								
Phone: Fax:								
Email:								
Early Intervention Program								
Address:								
Phone: Fax:								
Email:								
Otyher early intervention provider								
Address:								
Phone: Fax:								
Email:								
Otolaryngologist								
Address:								
Phone: Fax:								
Email:								
Opthalmologist								
Other								
e recommendations in this document do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical ca	re							

y be appropriate. Adapted with permission from The American 1 MC 00009 from the Maternal and Child Health Bureau Administration, US Department of Health and Human Services

